National Alliance to END HOMELESSNESS The Emergency Shelter Learning Series

How to Transition Your Emergency Shelter to a Low-Barrier and Housing-Focused Shelter Model

RESEARCH AND EDUCATION • INFLUENCING FEDERAL POLICY • BUILDING LOCAL CAPACITY

Today's Webinar

- Please note that all lines are on mute.
- Please pose questions at any time in the Questions box.
 We will try to get to as many as we can at the end.
- The webinar and slides will be posted following the presentation. Feel free to share with your staff and any other stakeholders.





Emergency Shelter Learning Series

Anna Blasco, Cynthia Nagendra, NAEH Deirdre Houlihan DiCara, FISH/Friends in Service to Humanity of Northwestern Connecticut Kris Freed, LA Family Housing John MacDonald, Crossroads Rhode Island





ENDHOMELESSNESS.ORG

FIVE KEYS

Emergency Shelter Learning Series Goals

- Strengthen shelter policies and services to improve the housing outcomes for people experiencing homelessness across your crisis response system
- Implement a system-wide approach to ending homelessness that includes emergency shelters
- Align emergency shelters' goals with the community's goals to end homelessness
- **Provide** low-barrier, safe, and housing-focused shelter



Emergency Shelter Learning Series Activities

- ✓ **Understand** the role of shelter in a crisis response system
- Assess how your shelter currently aligns with the key elements to effective emergency shelter
- Implement key elements to effective emergency shelter
- **Develop** goals, action plans, and a timeline to make the shift to a lowbarrier, housing-focused shelter model
- Track shelter metrics
- Establish benchmarks to improve outcomes





Emergency Shelter Learning Series Technical Assistance

- Series of webinars
- Key elements to operating an effective shelter
- Self-assessments to assess your shelter
- Tools that your shelter can use to implement programmatic, policy, and operational changes
- Guidance from shelters that have made the transition to a new shelter model









Where are you in your Transformational Change?

Clarity

Old Shelter Model

New Shelter Model

Need for Change

Confusion

Anxiety/Loss

Restructuring

Integration

New Vision



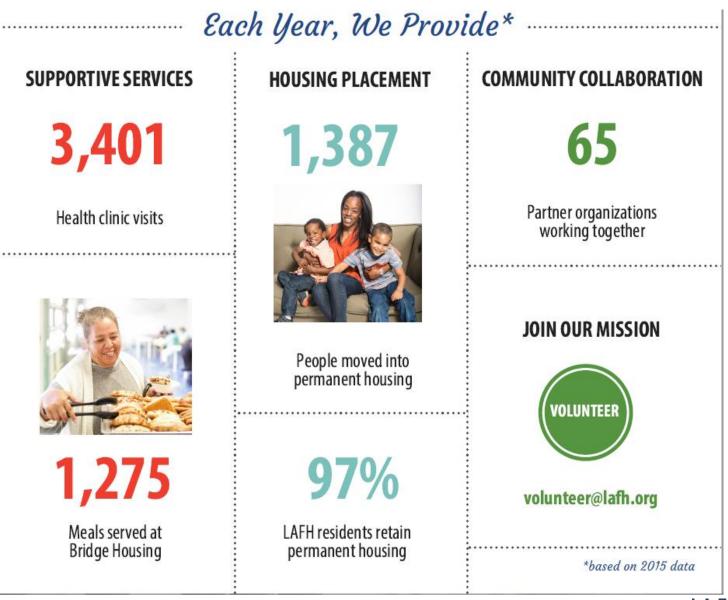
About Our Panelists



LA FAMILY H O U S I N G

Our mission is to help people transition out of homelessness and poverty through a continuum of housing enriched with supportive services; our vision is to be a leader in providing solutions to end homelessness.

We employ evidence-based best practices to achieve our goals, and operate 23 properties of temporary, permanently affordable, and permanent supportive housing across Los Angeles, with headquarters and most services based in the San Fernando Valley.



LA FAMILY HOUSING

Crisis/Bridge Housing

- LAFH owns & operates:
 - 250 single adult facility
 - 27 Unit Family Shelter
 - 12 Unit Family Shelter
 - 9 Unit Family Shelter
- LAFH manages:
 - 25 Units of CES Collaborative Partner placements
 - Up to 60 units per night of motel placement
- The following apply to all:
 - All placements are made from CES
 - Highest acuity are prioritized for placement
 - 24-hour access
 - Managed by minimal direct social service staff
 - Rules for exiting participants typically revolve around safety and security of participants
 - Being clean and sober is not required



Crossroads Rhode Island

The mission of Crossroads Rhode Island is to help homeless or at-risk individuals and families secure stable homes. They achieve this by engaging in our range of services including housing, basic needs, shelter, case management, referrals, and education and employment services.

Rev'd January 2013

At a glance...

- Founded in 1894 as Travelers' Aid Society; changed name in 2001
- Private, non-profit organization with \$13 million annual operating budget and 176 employees
- Largest provider of services to individuals and families experiencing homelessness in RI including; housing, education & employment services, crisis intervention, emergency shelter, street outreach; 24/7 operation
- Implemented organization-wide housing first focus in 2014; we had always been low barrier, but not housing focused
- RI has high number of long-term shelter stayers; low # of unsheltered homeless, 2016 PIT 1,160 (859 individuals and 301 in families)

Crossroads helped **1,378** people secure or maintain their housing in 2016.

- 763 formerly homeless men, women and children in 324 households were newly re-housed in 2016.
- This is a 21% increase in those housed over the prior year.
 - 158 single adults
 - ✤ 58 couples (without children)
 - 108 families (with children)
- In addition, 91 domestic violence survivors (adults and children)

FISH/Friends in Service to Humanity of NW CT

 Mission: Providing the most basic of human needs-food shelter and hope-to our neighbors in need.

FISH Facts 2016

- FISH Emergency Homeless Shelter (35 beds)
- Sheltered 112 individuals, family members and Veterans
- Positively exited into permanent housing: 72 individuals/or 60 households
- 95% success rate!

FISH/Friends in Service to Humanity of NW CT

FISH Food Pantry

- Total meals distributed (year ending 9/30/2016): 115,109
- Families enrolled to receive assistance:
 541 representing 2,027 individuals

We at FISH NWCT see daily the very human, social welfare challenges of families, individuals and Veterans facing life crisis. We strive to restore the confidence and self-worth of those who are the most vulnerable and seek our help.





Discussion Questions and Your Challenges



Your Challenges

Q1 Share in 100 words or less, your biggest challenge when it comes to providing lowbarrier shelter.

Answered: 122 Skipped: 0

Hard Increasing Run Fact Drug and Alcohol Transportation Space Order Clients Substance Low-barrier Shelter Staffing Staff Policy Housing Aren't Challenge Agency Families Screening Funding Youth Emergency Shelter Circumstances Bed Length Criminal



Discussion Questions

- Why did you decide to make a change to your shelter model?
 - What were some of the biggest changes you made?
 - **How** would you describe the impacts of those changes on the people you serve?



Discussion Questions

How did you and your staff feel about making these changes to be a low-barrier model of shelter?

How did you get them through the changes of becoming a low-barrier and housing-focused shelter? **How** do staff feel now?



Discussion Questions

How did your outcomes for clients change after you transitioned to a new shelter model?



Your Challenges: Substance Use

For us, the challenge for low-barrier shelter is having a shelter located in a facility where we also have offices, youth programs, recovery programming, and having people who are actively using and in the building. It seems as though when we have people who are high or intoxicated we have problems with aggression and violence and have to call the police. We don't require people to stop using to be in the shelter only that you cannot come in high or intoxicated. That is because of our setting. If we have a separate facility I don't think the low barrier shelter will be an issue.



Your Challenges: Substance Use

How do we help people who are trying to stay sober while allowing people who are using into the same space? We are keeping people sober and we don't want to jeopardize their sobriety so how can we serve people with different needs?

How do we keep people safe when some people are intoxicated? Especially if we serve families with children?



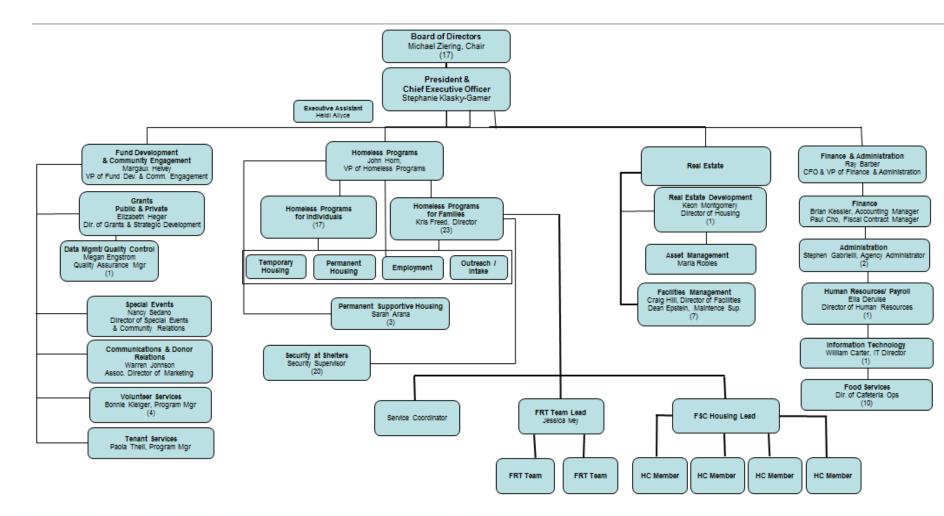
Your Challenges: Inadequate staff

One of our **biggest challenges** is having adequate staff and balancing low-barrier shelter with keeping individuals focused on housing and not allowing clients to get institutionalized in shelter. We have many more clients than we can effectively case manage, and naturally many clients get ingrained in the shelter system before staff is able to build a housing plan, making housing much more difficult.

How do we make these changes with no extra resources?



LA Family Housing The Old Org Chart





The New Org Chart



- Director of Stabilization
- Director of Housing
- Director of Engagement
- Director of Data

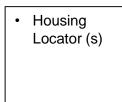


- Engagement Manager
- Intake Coordinator(s)
- Screener(s)
- Diverter(s)
- Grad Intern



- Housing Manager
- Crisis Housing
 Manager
- Housing
- Navigator(s)/ Housing
- Coordinator(s)
- Grad Intern
- Resident
 Advocates
- Use of our Collaborative partnerships







- Slacker
- Complainer
- Unskilled
- Unsuccessful



- Housing Stabilization Manager
- Job Developer
- Employment Matcher
- Housing Stabilizer(s)
- Transition
 Coordinator
- Grad Intern
- Use of our Collaborative partnerships



- Data Entry
- Data Analyst

Your Challenges: Lack of Housing

We are in the early beginning stages and **excited.** We are **challenged** by lack of housing for lower income families and singles as well and would like to hear some ideas.

We don't have enough affordable housing in our community. How can we be housing-focused?



Your Challenges: Board Buy-in

We want to move to a low-barrier model, but our board sometimes lacks understanding of what that means. For instance, there has been a long standing wants and warrants check at intake that we wish to discard. However, the board believe the policy offers safety and protects us from liability.



Your Challenges: Staff Buy-in

In many we ways, we are a low barrier shelter with few restrictions to enter the shelter. However, the biggest challenge we face is getting true buy in from front-line staff and "old time" leadership. The philosophical shift to "we don't have to fix them before we house them" is a big leap for an organization and people who've been sheltering the homeless for over 150 years. They verbally accept the transition but for some, at times, their heart is not in it. For example, if someone comes in under the influence, their first instinct is to kick them out. The hearts and mind stage of change is always the hardest. Recommendations?



What's Next

Register for the next webinar!

When: TBD in Early August





Questions?

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