Which Strategy Has the Greatest Impact on a Community's Response to Homelessness?

DIVERSION
- Serves people who have lost housing and are facing IMMINENT entry into shelter or sleeping outside
- Reduces number of entries to a system
- Lowers demand for shelter beds
- Shortens wait lists

HOMELESSNESS PREVENTION
- Serves extremely vulnerable people who are about to lose their housing
- Only effective when targeted to those most at risk of becoming homeless

EVICTION PREVENTION
- Serves low income people who have received an eviction notice
- Most recipients DO NOT face imminent risk of homelessness