

Joint TH/RRH

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Introduction

Transitional vs. Rapid Rehousing

Transitional Housing

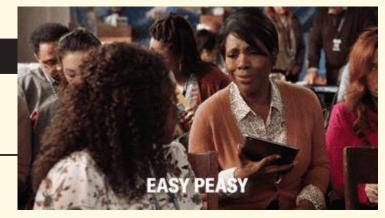
- Intended to provide interim housing and support to move and maintain permanent housing.
- Up to 24 months of housing and Supportive Services *
- Lease, sublease, or occupancy agreement must be in place.

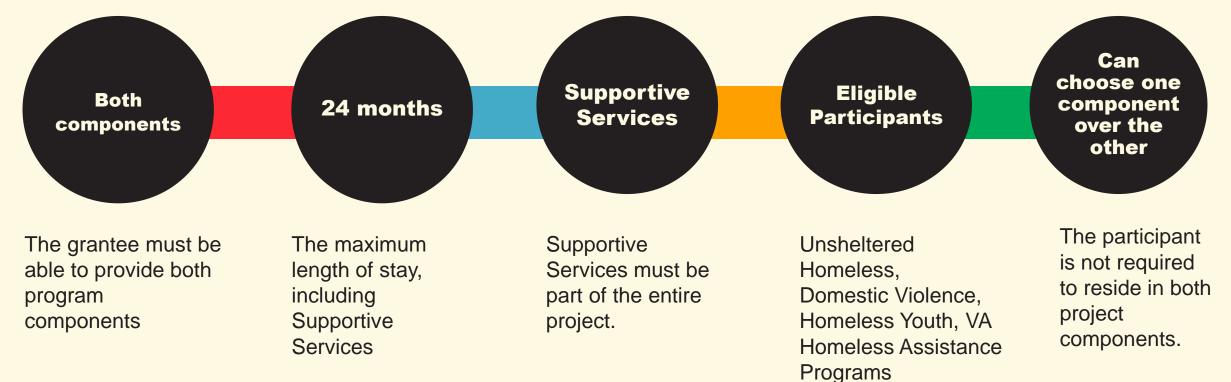
Rapid Rehousing

- Permanent Housing
- Short-term (3 months) and medium-term (4-24 months) tenant-based rental assistance and Supportive Services *
- The tenant must hold a one-year lease, even if the assistance is less than one year.











Fill in gaps of Unsheltered Homelessness, Domestic Violence (DV), Homeless Youth, and VA-funded Homeless Assistance Program

Provide a Safe Space for participants

Quickly house participants and move them into permanent housing

Provide financial assistance and wrap-around supportive services





Continuum of Care (CoC)

Victim Service Providers – DV Bonus Projects

Youth Homelessness Demonstration Program (YHDP)

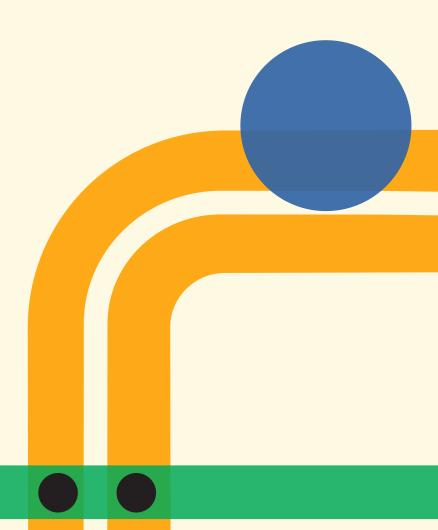


DO YOU THINK YOU CAN COME HELP ME WITH THE PROGRAM?

Program and Data Requirements



- Following a Housing First Approach
 - 24 Months of Assistance
 - No Minimum Length of Stay
 - Participant does not have to participate in both components



K Budget Line Items (BLI)

	Transitional Housing	Rapid Rehousing	
Leasing			
Rental Assistance		\checkmark	ParRecord P ParRecord P ParRec
Supportive Services			
Operating			15
HMIS			
Administration			MNH-MNH

K D Program Requirements

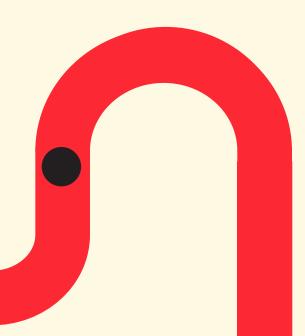
Enter data into HMIS or a comparable database

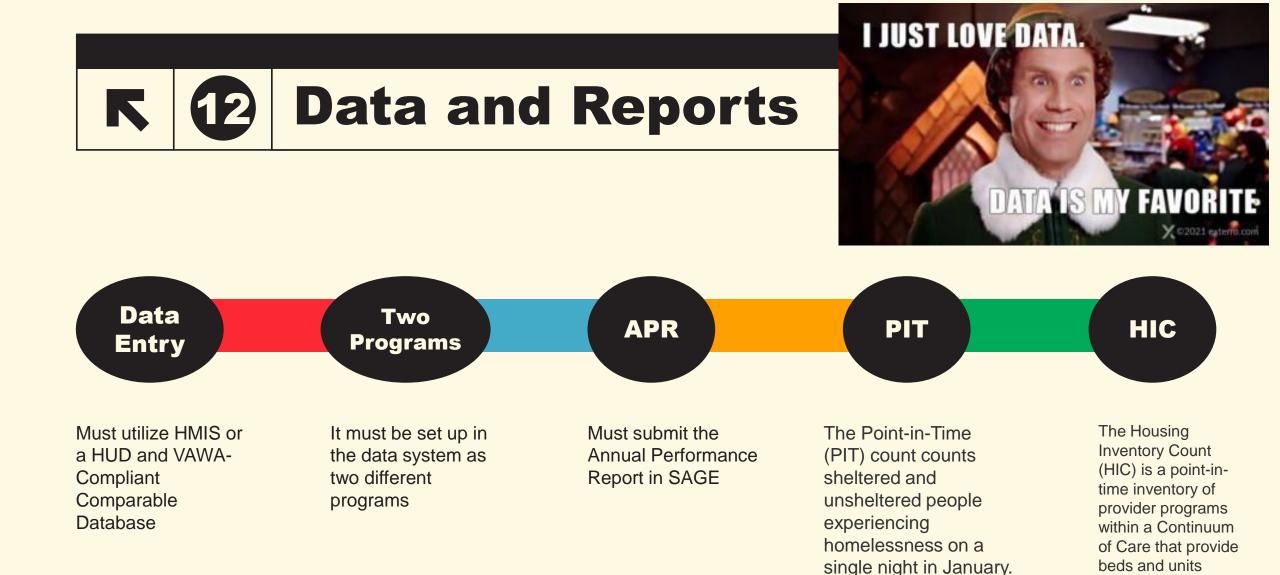
Participate in Coordinated Entry

Joint TH/RRH is one Project

Does not choose the project component

Meet all other CoC Program requirements

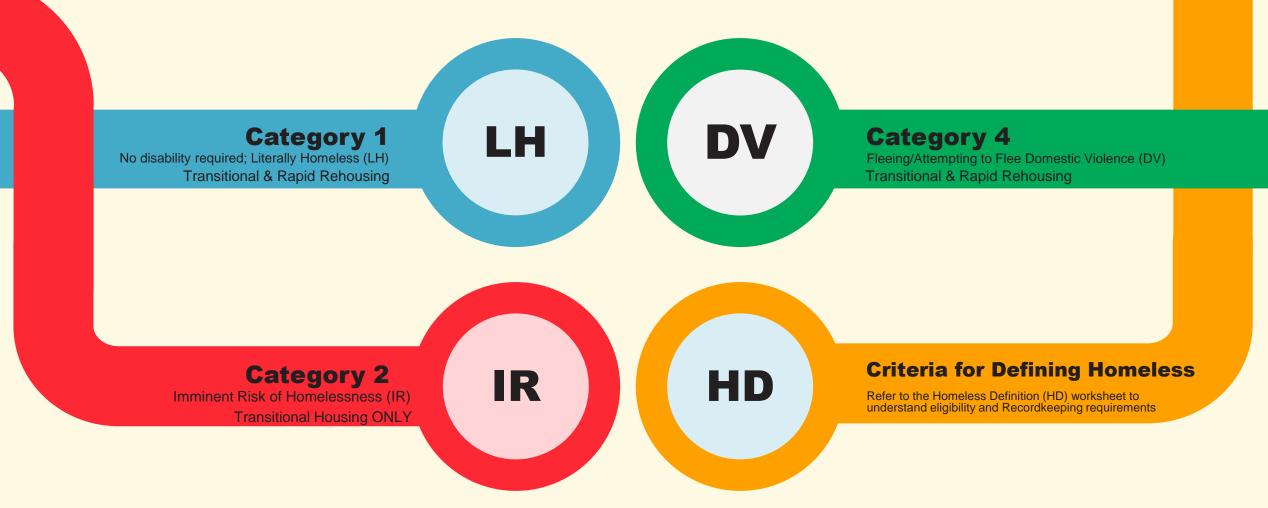


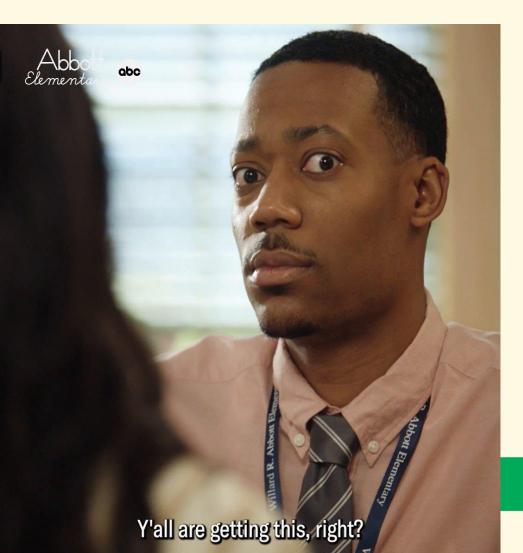


dedicated to serving people experiencing homelessness.

Program Eligibility

K D Eligible Participants





Other Considerations

K D Housing First for DV Survivors

DV Housing First Approach

- Survivor-driven safety
- Survivor-driven approach
- Flexible funding used to support housing and stability
- Community engagement/partnerships

Best Practices

- Safety planning
- Wraparound supportive services
- Connection to community services
- Flexible financial assistance
- Flexible Engagement



For the RRH portion of the project – and if master leasing units for the TH portion – having an adequate supply of units and landlords is necessary. Communities should:

 Build relationships with landlord associations and civic organizations

- Highlight the benefits for landlords
- Landlord-Tenant Agreement





The Joint Component project is a newer program that necessitates new and continued training for all staff, including:

- **⇔**TH
- ♦ RRH
- The differences between the programs and the requirements for each component
- Data requirements
- Evaluative outcomes for client destination





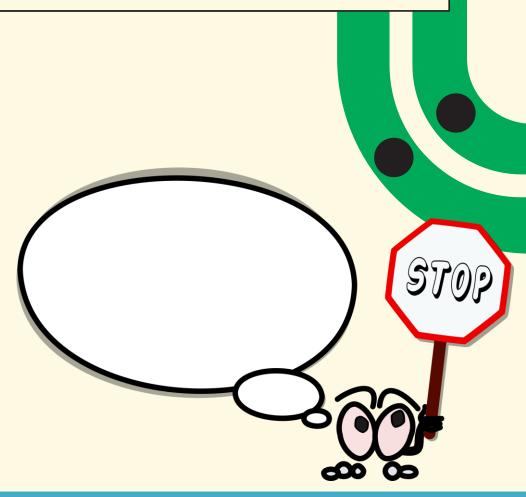
- Goal is Permanent Stable Housing
- Maximum Financial Assistance = 24 Months
- Leasing and Operating Vs. Rental Assistance
- Adjust as Needed

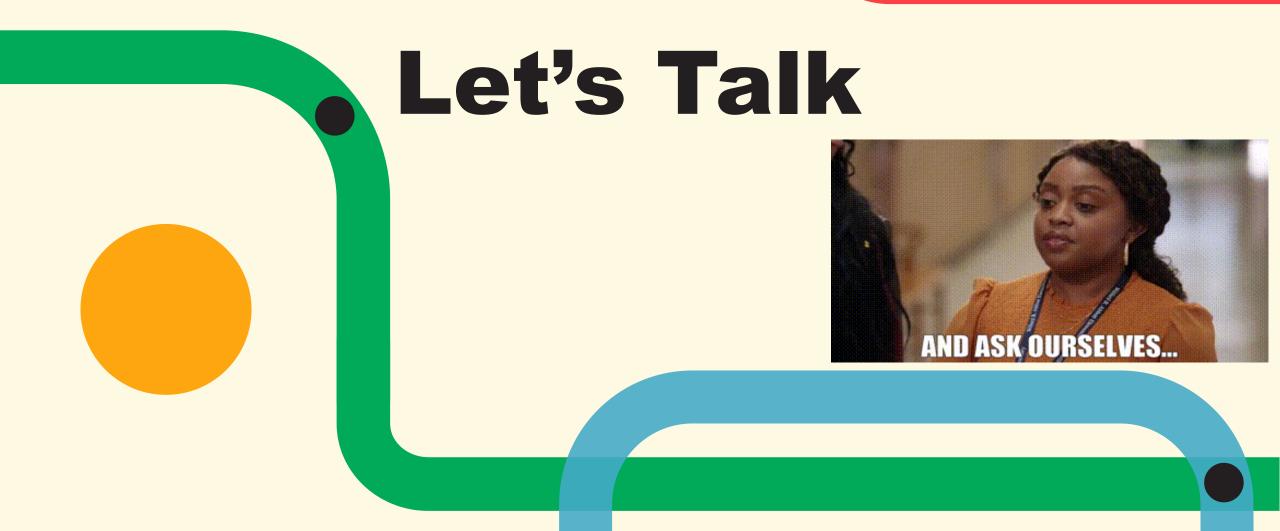
- Focus on the Participant's Needs
- Necessity but Not of Haste
- Consistency in Documenting
- Next Steps





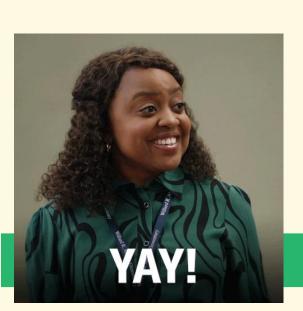
- 1. CoC Federal Regulations 24 CFR 578
- 2. HUD Exchange
 - 1. Joint TH/RRH program
 - 2. Program binders for additional information
- 3. Your CPD Representative.
 - If you are unable to find the information you need in the regulations or the HUD Exchange, then your CPD rep is your next stop.







- Family RescueLandlord Engagement
- Catholic Charities DOJ
 Policies and Procedures (P&P)



360 Youth ServicesSuccess Story

Resources



Resources

- Joint Program:
 - <u>https://endhomelessness.org/blog/scoop-transitional-housing-rapid-re-housing-joint-component/</u>
 - <u>https://www.hudexchange.info/news/snaps-in-focus-the-new-joint-transitional-housing-and-rapid-re-housing-component/</u>
 - https://hmis.allchicago.org/hc/en-us/articles/360019180771-Joint-Transitional-Housing-TH-and-Rapid-Re-Housing-RRH-Component-Project
- Joint Program Domestic Violence:
 - <u>https://safehousingpartnerships.org/key-approaches/access-safe-permanent-housing/rapid-rehousing</u>
 - <u>https://safehousingpartnerships.org/sites/default/files/2019-03/NRCDV_SHP-JointTransitionalHousing-Sept2018.pdf</u>
- Transitional Housing:
 - <u>https://www.hudexchange.info/homelessness-assistance/coc-esg-virtual-binders/coc-program-components/transitional-housing/</u>
- Rapid Rehousing:
 - <u>https://www.hudexchange.info/homelessness-assistance/coc-esg-virtual-binders/coc-program-components/permanent-housing/rapid-re-housing/</u>
 - <u>https://files.hudexchange.info/resources/documents/Rapid-Re-Housing-Brief.pdf</u>



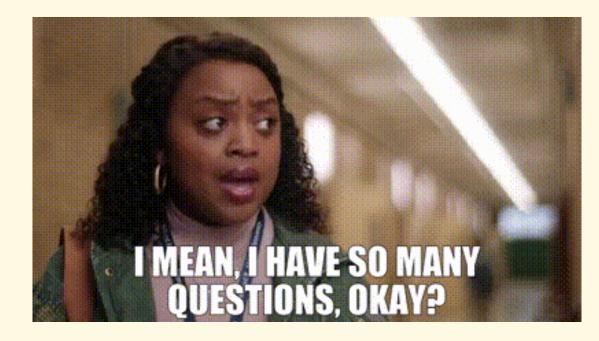
- Point-in-Time/Housing Inventory Count:
 - <u>https://www.hudexchange.info/programs/hdx/pit-hic/</u>
- HUD Homeless Definition Worksheet
 - <u>https://files.hudexchange.info/resources/documents/HomelessDefinitio</u>

n_RecordkeepingRequirementsandCriteria.pdf

- Federal Resources that can fund Rapid Rehousing:
 - <u>https://www.usich.gov/resources/uploads/asset_library/Federal_</u>

Funding Sources RRH.pdf

Questions?





Thank you

Contact your assigned CPD Rep for more information.

All-Grantee CoC Conference Joint TH/RRH Presentation September 6, 2023, at 2:15 p.m.

Questions and Answers:

1. If someone is in TH, how long can they stay before it impacts their homeless status?

Participants residing in a Transitional Housing program (regular TH or a Joint TH/RRH) retain their homeless status throughout their time in the TH program, which allows them to move into RRH. However, they will lose their homeless status once they are in the joint program's RRH portion.

2. Does the homeless status in RRH only apply to the Joint Program. It is my understanding that the client does not lose their homeless status and can be eligible for PSH.

Yes, that is correct. For the Joint TH/RRH, once the participant enters the RRH portion of the joint program, they are considered housed and no longer homeless.

In addition, as mentioned in the question, participants assisted with RRH through the CoC <u>(not in a joint program)</u> maintain their chronic homeless status and, therefore, could be enrolled from RRH into PSH.

3. Can you speak more about IR and why they are eligible for TH ONLY? Thank you.

Homeless Category 2: Imminent Risk of Homelessness (§ 578.3) is an individual or family who will imminently lose their primary nighttime residence, provided that:

- 1. Residence will be lost within 14 days of the date of application for homeless assistance;
- 2. No subsequent residence has been identified; and

3. The individual or family lacks the resources or support networks needed to obtain other permanent housing.

Note: Includes individuals and families who are within 14 days of losing their housing, including housing they own, rent, are sharing with others, or are living in without paying rent.

The eligibility for TH only is set by the regulations. See this chart for further clarification: <u>https://files.hudexchange.info/resources/documents/Homelessness-and-Supportive-Housing-Eligibility-Chart.pdf</u>.

4. Is there an exception to how many security deposits you can provide DV clients?

No, assistance with moving costs is a reasonable <u>one-time moving cost</u> and includes truck rental and hiring a moving company.

5. Could someone move from a VOCA-funded TH program to RRH or only from HUD TH?

This would be allowable if the VOCA-funded TH program is eliminated; ultimately, you would be advised to review the NOFO for the awarded grant year. Additionally, it is recommended to check with your CoC's CES transfer process.